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! File = TES.lng;
! Stock and transport optimization during a year;
! Lohmander Peter 2007-10-09;
! Uppdaterad av Peter Lohmander 121105;
! Definitions:
woods = wood stock at road side
secs = security stock of wood (at the mill)
wbuy = volume of wood bought at the mill
trp = wood transport from the road stock to the mill
trps = wood transport from the road stock to the security stock
trpsi = wood transport from the security stock to the mill
prod = wood consumption at the mill
harv97 = harvest level (wood) in 1997;
model:
sets:
time/1..12/:woods, secs, wbuy, trp, trps, trpsi, prod, harv97, P, MC;
endsets
! The objective is to minimize the present value of the
total cost of wood transport, stocks and purchases during a year.;
min = PVTOTCOST;
PVTOTCOST = trpc + purchc + stockc;
! Rate of interest per year in continuous time;
r = 0.07;
interest_rate = r;
trpc = @sum(time(t)):
@EXP(-r*t/12)*(50 + .2*(trp(t)+trps(t)+.1*trpsi(t)))*
(trp(t)+trps(t)+.1*trpsi(t)));
purchc = @sum(time(t):@EXP(-r*t/12)*(150 + .2*wbuy(t)) * wbuy(t));
@for(time(t): P(t) = 150+.2*wbuy(t));
@for(time(t): MC(t) = 150+.4*wbuy(t));
stockc = @sum(time(t): @EXP(-r*t/12)*(12*woods(t)+ 16*secs(t)));
! Initially, the stocks have these levels;
woods(1) = 100;
secs(1) = 20;
! During May, the wood transport from the forest is constrained
because of road problems caused by melting ice.;
[MAYROAD]trp(5) + trps(5) <= 60;
! The wood stock balance equations;

    @for(time(t)|t#GT#1: woods(t) = woods(t-1) + harv97(t-1) - trp(t-1) - trps(t-1)

1));
woods(1) = woods(12) + harv97(12) - trp(12) - trps(12);
! The "security level" of the security stock is specified.;
@for(time(t): [SECLEV]secs(t) >= 20);
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! Full production in the mill means that a sufficient volume of wood has to arrive there from different sources.; @for(time(t): [woodsup]prod(t) <= wbuy(t) + trp(t) + trpsi(t));</pre> ! The security stock balance equations; @for(time(t)|t#GT#1: secs(t) = secs(t-1) + trps(t-1) - trpsi(t-1)); secs(1) = secs(12) + trps(12) - trpsi(12);! The average wood consumption (per month) from the own forest equals the average harvest per month from the own forest in 1997; wcons = @sum(time(t):harv97(t))/12; ! The harvest volume from the own forest is sufficient to cover 1/3 of the total industrial wood consumption of the firm.; @for(time(t): prod(t) = 3*wcons); data: harv97 = 213 235 227 230 174 109 51 174 210 239 227 196; @OLE('LagerA_res.XLS') = PVTOTCOST, trpc, purchc, stockc, wcons, interest_rate, woods, secs, wbuy, trp, trps, trpsi, prod, harv97, p, mc; enddata end